

## DetenLAS® 320

## Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: DetenLAS® 320
Product code	: 77792
Chemical name	: Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs.
Other means of identification	: Linear Alkyl Benzene Sulfonic acid with one linear alkyl chain of 10 to 13 carbon atoms, an average of 11.6 atoms Linear Alkylbenzene Sulfonic Acid
Product type	: Liquid.

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### Specific uses

Surfactants. Manufacture of soaps and detergents.

Supplier's details	: Deten Química S.A. Rua Hidrogênio, 1744 Complexo Industrial de Camaçari (COPEC) Camaçari - Bahia - Brasil CEP: 42.816-140
Telephone number	: +55 71 3634-3207 / 3208 Fax: +55 71 3634-5155
Information limitations	: 08:00 - 16:30
Email	: fala@deten.com.br / comercial@deten.com.br tuteladeproducto@cepsa.com / productstewardship@cepsa.com
Emergency telephone number	: +55 71 3634-3333 / 0800-284-8474
Information limitations	: 24/7

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2
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### GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

: Danger

Hazard statements

: H302 - Harmful if swallowed.  
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
H401 - Toxic to aquatic life.

### Precautionary statements

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- Prevention** : P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection: Recommended: Chemical splash goggles.. Wear protective clothing: Recommended: Wear protective clothing. Wear protective gloves..  
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.  
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
- Response** : P304 + P340 + P310 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.  
P301 + P310 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.  
P303 + P361 + P353 + P363 + P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.  
P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
- Storage** : P405 - Store locked up.
- Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification** : None known.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

- Substance/mixture** : Substance
- Chemical name** : Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs.
- Other means of identification** : Linear Alkyl Benzene Sulfonic acid with one linear alkyl chain of 10 to 13 carbon atoms, an average of 11.6 atoms  
Linear Alkylbenzene Sulfonic Acid

#### CAS number/other identifiers

- CAS number** : 85536-14-7
- EC number** : 287-494-3
- Product code** : 77792

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs.	100	85536-14-7

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
- Inhalation** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : Causes severe burns.
- Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains

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### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : No specific data.

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Shut off all ignition sources. If fire cannot be extinguished, withdraw from area and allow the fire to burn. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

**Remark** : Storage temperature: 30- 40° C. Emits toxic fumes when heated to decomposition.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

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**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). The spilled material may be neutralized with sodium carbonate, sodium bicarbonate or sodium hydroxide. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

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**Precautions for safe handling**

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from alkalis. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store between the following temperatures: 30 to 40°C (86 to 104°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Separate from alkalis. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

None.

- Appropriate engineering controls** : If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead. Recommended: Chemical splash goggles.

### Skin protection

- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Recommended: Wear protective clothing. Wear protective gloves.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Recommended: Suitable protective footwear.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: Use appropriate respiratory protection if there is a risk of exceeding any exposure limits.

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## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

Physical state	: Liquid. [Viscous liquid.]
Color	: Brown.
Odor	: Spicy.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
pH	: <1
Melting point	: <-7°C (<19,4°F)
Boiling point	: 190°C (374°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 193,9°C (381°F) [Pensky-Martens.] [Product does not sustain combustion.]
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Evolves toxic fumes when heated to decomposition. Store away from direct sunlight.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1,0491 [EU.A1]
Density	: 1,0491 g/cm <sup>3</sup> [20°C (68°F)]
Solubility	: Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Solubility in water	: 160 g/l
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: 3,32
Auto-ignition temperature	: 380°C (716°F)
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (room temperature): 13,148 cm <sup>2</sup> /s (1314,8 cSt) [ASTM D 7042-04]
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: Attacks many metals producing extremely flammable hydrogen gas which can form explosive mixtures with air. Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: alkalis

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**Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs.	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	775 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1470 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Classified as Category 4

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs.	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.1 MI	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 MI	-
	Skin - Visible necrosis	Rabbit	-	3 minutes	3 hours
	Eyes - Edema of the conjunctivae	Rabbit	1	3 hours	3 hours

#### Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** : Corrosive

**Eyes** : Will cause serious damage to the eyes.

#### Sensitization

Not available.

#### Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** : Corrosive to the skin. Irritating to eyes.

**Respiratory** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs.	EPA 471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative
	EPA 474 Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Human	Negative

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not mutagenic in a standard battery of genetic toxicological tests.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### Teratogenicity

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)



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Not available.

**Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)**

Not available.

**Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

**Potential acute health effects**

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.  
**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Skin contact** : Causes severe burns.  
**Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
 pain  
 watering  
 redness

**Inhalation** : No specific data.

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
 pain or irritation  
 redness  
 blistering may occur

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
 stomach pains

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure****Short term exposure**

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.  
**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

**Long term exposure**

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.  
**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

**Potential chronic health effects**

Not available.

**General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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**Numerical measures of toxicity****Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs.	775	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

**Section 12. Ecological information****Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs.	EC50 36 mg/l	Algae - Scenedesmus subpicatus	72 hours
	EC50 170 mg/l	Algae - Selenastrum capricornotum	96 hours
	EC50 2,9 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours

**Persistence/degradability**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs.	301A Ready Biodegradability - DOC Die-Away Test	94 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
	303A Simulation Test - Aerobic Sewage Treatment - Activated Sludge Units	92 % - 37 days	-	-

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs.	-	-	Readily

**Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs.	3,32	-	low

**Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) : Not available.

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**Mobility** : Distribution benzenesulfonic acid C10-C16 alkyl derivatives: 1% air, 32% water, 63% Land 4% sediment. Method, EPI Suite (USEPA 2000b); Photodegradation can be a significant mechanism in the decomposition of the sulfonic acids. The modeling of dodecyl acid, dodecyl and tridecyl benzene sulfonic, throws a half-life between 7 and 8.6 hours / day. USEPA reference. Aerobic biodegradation: OECD DOC- Die Away Test. Result 94% at 28 days. Readily biodegradable. Method modified multiple units. Result 92% at 37 days. USEPA reference. The sodium sulfonate obtained by neutralizing PETRESUL-550 meets the requirements stipulated in biodegradability Detergents Regulation EC No 648/2004. Studies with LAS, said it quickly biodegrades in soil and does not migrate more than 20-30 cm deep, with the potential risk of groundwater contamination is very low.

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	Brazil	IMDG	IATA
<b>UN number</b>	UN2586	UN2586	UN2586
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	ÁCIDOS ARILSULFÔNICOS, LÍQUIDOS liquid	ARYLSULPHONIC ACIDS, LIQUID liquid	Arylsulphonic acids, liquid liquid
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	8 	8 	8 
<b>Packing group</b>	III	III	III
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	No.	No.	No.

### Additional information

**Brazil** : **Risk number** 80

**IMDG** : **Emergency schedules** F-A, S-B

**IATA** : **Quantity limitation** Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 5 L. Packaging instructions: 852. Cargo Aircraft Only: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 856. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: Y841.  
**Special provisions** A803

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**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code** : Not available.

**Remarks** : Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

### Inventory list

<b>Australia</b>	: This material is listed or exempted.
<b>Canada</b>	: This material is listed or exempted.
<b>China</b>	: This material is listed or exempted.
<b>Europe</b>	: This material is listed or exempted.
<b>Japan</b>	: <b>Japan inventory (ENCS):</b> Not determined. <b>Japan inventory (ISHL):</b> Not determined.
<b>New Zealand</b>	: This material is listed or exempted.
<b>Philippines</b>	: This material is listed or exempted.
<b>Republic of Korea</b>	: This material is listed or exempted.
<b>Taiwan</b>	: This material is listed or exempted.
<b>Thailand</b>	: Not determined.
<b>Turkey</b>	: This material is listed or exempted.
<b>United States</b>	: This material is listed or exempted.
<b>Viet Nam</b>	: This material is listed or exempted.

## DetenLAS® 320

## Section 16. Other information

### History

Date of printing : 23/10/2020

Date of issue/Date of revision : 23/10/2020

Version : 6

Date of previous issue : 23/10/2020

**Key to abbreviations** :

- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
- GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
- MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
- UN = United Nations

### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4	On basis of test data
SKIN CORROSION - Category 1	On basis of test data
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1	On basis of test data
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2	Expert judgment

**References** : HERA-LAS: <http://www.heraproject.com>

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.